## NC Strawberry Investigations Math Questions for 1st Grade

| Standard | Question |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10A1 | Students will use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems. *The strawberry farmer needs 12 bags of fertilizer. He has 8 already. How many more does he need to purchase? <br> *If strawberry plant 1 has 18 leaves and strawberry plant 2 has 12 leaves, how many fewer leaves does plant 2 have? |
| 1OA2 | Students can solve simple word problems adding 3 numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20 . <br> *Each row of strawberries needs drip line. Row 1 needs 5 feet. Row 2 needs 5 feet. Row 3 needs 5 feet. How many feet are needed in all? <br> *Mrs. Smith is baking. She needs 4 cups of strawberries for her cake, 3 cups of strawberries for her cookies, and 6 cups of strawberries for her jam. How many cups of strawberries does Mrs. Smith need? |
| 1OA3 | Students can use the associative property to add three numbers. <br> * Mrs. Smith is baking. She needs 4 cups of strawberries for her cake, 3 cups of strawberries for her cookies, and 6 cups of strawberries for her jam. How many cups of strawberries does Mrs. Smith need? (Student thinks - I know $6+4=10$, and $10+3=13$.) |
| 1OA4 |  |
| 10A5 | Students can add and subtract within 20 by counting on or counting back. <br> *The strawberry farmer has 13 flats of plants. He planted 10 flats of plants. How many flats are does he have now? <br> *The fruit stand had 5 baskets of strawberries. They ordered 6 more. How many baskets do they have now? |
| 10A6 |  |
| 1OA7 | Students will use the equal sign to determine if two number sentences are true or false. <br> * 6 strawberries +8 strawberries $=4$ strawberries +10 strawberries. <br> *10 (strawberries in the basket) $=7$ large red strawberries +3 small pink strawberries |
| 10A8 | Students can determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction problem. *12 strawberry plants were in a row, a rabbit ate some of the plants. There were 8 plants left. How many strawberry plants did the rabbit eat? |
| 1NBT1 | *Students will count the leaves on a strawberry plant and write the numeral correctly. <br> *Students will write the numeral that represents the number of "squares" (sq. ft.) in an acre of land (100 sq.ft.) <br> *Students will write the numeral for the number of plants the strawberry farmer plants in each row of strawberries. |
| 1NBT2 | *Students can decompose the number of rows in a strawberry field into tens and ones. <br> *Students can count the number of strawberries in a quart and group them by tens and ones. <br> *Students can count by 10 's the number of strawberry plants in a flat. |
| 1NBT3 | *Students can compare the number of strawberries in two different quarts using a number sentence and the correct symbol. $(42>38)$ |
| 1NBT4 | Students will use strawberry statistics to add within 100. (Use NC Dept of Agriculture statistics to create addition problems.) |
| 1NBT5 |  |
| 1NBT6 |  |
| 1MD1 | *Students will directly compare the heights of three different strawberry plants using length, and put them in order by length. (Direct comparison means without using measurement.) *Students will compare the lengths of strawberry plant leaves and order them from shortest to |


|  | longest. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1MD2 | *Students will measure the length of the strawberry plant, the leaves, and the strawberries <br> using objects such as base ten units, paper clips, pumpkin seeds, cap erasers, etc. |
| 1MD3 | Given pictures of both analog and digital clocks showing times related to the hours of operation <br> of a strawberry stand or farm, students can tell and write the times in hours and half-hours. |
| 1MD4 | Students will collect, organize, represent and interpret data by conducting a survey. Students <br> will ask each other their favorite way to eat strawberries - fresh strawberries, strawberry ice <br> cream, or strawberry candy. (Teacher may want to have samples for students to try - the <br> survey items may vary.) |
| 1G1 |  |
| 1G2 | Students can divide strawberry fields into halves, fourths (quarters) and understand that <br> dividing the fields make them smaller plots of land. (Farmers divide their fields at harvest time <br> to maximize continuous growth. Explain to students that people will pick strawberries one day <br> in one fourth or one half of the field and then skip a day to allow more strawberries to grow and <br> ripen.) |
| 1G3 |  |

North Carolina Strawberry Association - www.ncstrawberry.com
This project was supported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Specialty Crop Block Grant Program.


